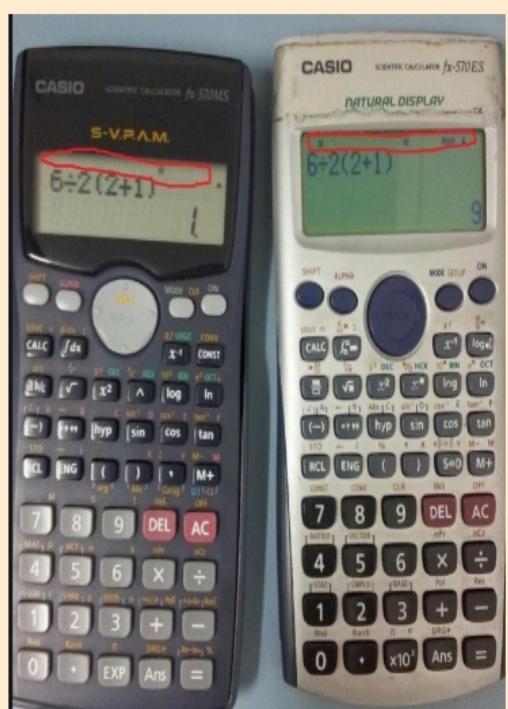


# Assignment Self-Monitoring Sheet

	Assignment Effort Grade (Circle One)	Comments (What was interesting or challenging?)
<b>Monday</b> Date: <u>9/4</u> Topic: _____	0    1    2	NO SCHOOL LABOR DAY
<b>Tuesday</b> Date: <u>9/5</u> Topic: <u>Pattern Task</u>	0    1    2	<b>Example Comment:</b> "I was able to describe the how the figures were growing"
<b>Wednesday</b> Date: <u>9/6</u> Topic: <u>No Homework - Pre Assessment Yesterday!</u>	0    1    2	
<b>Thursday</b> Date: _____ Topic: _____	0    1    2	
<b>Friday</b> Date: _____ Topic: _____	0    1    2	

What do you notice? Which one is correct?

$$\begin{aligned} & 6 \div 2(3) \\ & 6 \div 6 = 1 \\ \hline & 6 \div 2(3) \\ & 3(3) = 9 \end{aligned}$$



## Warm-up:



What are the names of these types of functions (equations)?

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 5 \quad \text{linear} \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 5$$

$$y = 2^x \quad \text{Exp.} \quad g(x) = 2^x$$

$$y = \sqrt{x} \quad \text{Sqr. Root} \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$y = x^2 + 5x \quad \text{quad.} \quad h(x) = x^2 + 5x$$

## Class Plan:

1. Warm-up
2. What is a function?  
~How can we take useful notes?
3. Practice evaluating functions

*Today you will evaluate (plug into) several different functions.*

## Organization in Math Class

\*\*\*Rate Your current organization

1 Low: Needs the most help with organization.



\*\*\*Reflect on your rating.

- What happens when you are/or are not organized?
- How can you improve and maintain?



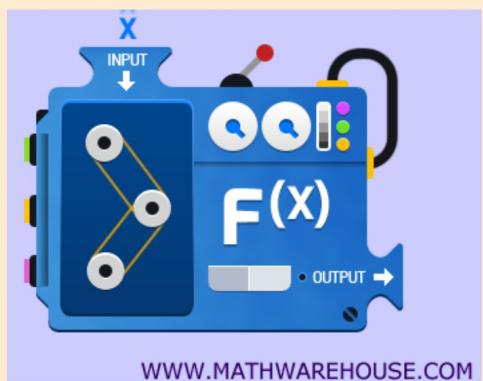
## Organization in Math Class

As a group at your tables...



- List important things to remember when taking notes in math class.
- Each group will share 1 idea.

## What is a Function?



A function takes an input, and produces an output.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 5$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$h(x) = x^2 + 5x - 24$$

$$g(x) = 2^x$$

## \*Function Notation\*

$$y = f(x)$$

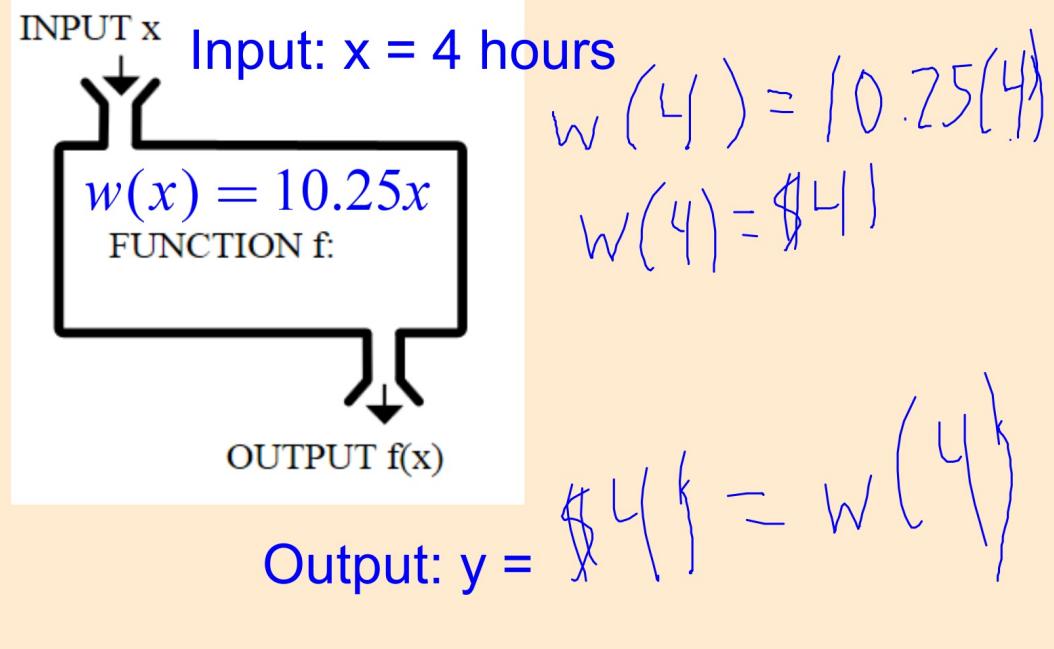


## Reads "f of x"

## *The function takes in x*

## Example: Evaluate

Layla works at Cub Foods, \$10.25 per hour.



## \*Function Notation\*

$$y = f(x)$$



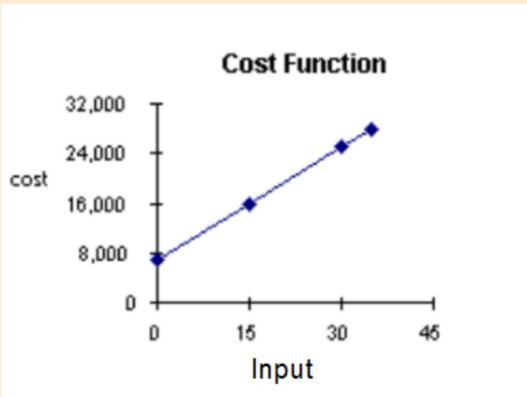
What is the purpose of this notation?

- It gives it a name.
- It names the relationship between the variables.
- $f(5)$  tells the input AND output
- Agreed upon symbols ("short-cut")
- Allows for further computation

[Calculus:  $f''(x)$ ]

# Unit 1: Linear Functions

## What is a Linear Function?



How do we  
know if it is  
linear?

Example: Evaluate each function.

$$h(n) = 3n + 2; \text{ Find } h(1)$$

$$h(1) = 3 \cancel{\cdot} 1 + 2$$

$$h(1) = 3 + 2$$

$$h(1) = 5$$

Linear Function

Example: Evaluate each function.

$$g(x) = 4x - 4; \text{ Find } g(3)$$

$$\begin{aligned}g(3) &= 4(3) - 4 \\g(3) &= 12 - 4 = 8\end{aligned}$$

Linear Function

**Example:** Evaluate each function.

$$g(n) = n^2 + 2n; \text{ Find } g(-3)$$

$$g(-3) = (-3)^2 + 2(-3)$$

$$g(-3) = 9 - 6$$

$$g(-3) = 3$$

Quadratic Function

**Example:** Evaluate each function.

$$g(x) = 2x^2 - 4; \text{ Find } g(-6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} g(-6) &= 2(-6)^2 - 4 \\ &= 2(36) - 4 \\ &= 72 - 4 \\ &= 68 \end{aligned}$$

Quadratic Function

Example: Evaluate each function.

5)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{3}{2}$ ; Find  $f(-2)$

$$f(-2) = \frac{4}{3}(-2) - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$f(-2) = \cancel{\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)} \frac{8}{3} - \frac{3}{2} \cancel{\left(\frac{3}{3}\right)}$$

$$f(-2) = -\frac{16}{6} - \frac{9}{6} = \boxed{-\frac{25}{6}} = -4 \frac{1}{6}$$

Linear Function

Example: Evaluate each function.

$$f(a) = -\frac{3}{4}a + \frac{5}{3}; \text{ Find } f\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{2}{5} \right) + \frac{5}{3} \\ y &= \frac{2 \cancel{3}}{10} \cdot \frac{5}{\cancel{5}} + \frac{5}{3} \\ y &= \frac{1}{5} + \frac{5}{3} \\ &= \frac{1}{30} + \frac{5}{30} \\ &= \frac{29}{30} \end{aligned}$$

Linear Function

Example: Evaluate each function.

$$f(a) = -\frac{3}{4}a + \frac{5}{3}; \text{ Find } f\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)$$

$$f\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) = -\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{-2}{5}\right) + \frac{5}{3}$$

$$f\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) = \frac{6}{20} + \frac{5}{3}\left(\frac{10}{10}\right)$$

$$f\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) = \frac{9}{30} + \frac{50}{30}$$

$$f\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) = \frac{59}{30} = \boxed{\frac{129}{30}}$$

Linear Function

Choose the level in which you will be challenged!

**Level 1:**  $f(t) = 2t + 3$ ; Find  $f(0)$

**Level 2:**  $h(x) = x^2 - 5x$ ; Find  $h(2)$

**Level 3:**  $p(a) = 3^{a+1} + \frac{1}{2}$ ; Find  $p(0)$

## Unit 1: Linear Functions

### DO:"Evaluate Functions" WS

*(Choose level of challenge)*

Done? Hold onto handout! Help others.

#### Objectives:

- familiarize with math notation  
"y" = output =  $f(x)$
- Practice plugging into a variety of functions (USE PARENTHESIS!)
- Practice using mental math!

# Solutions to Evaluating Functions

## Level 1:

- |              |               |                |              |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1) 24        | 2) 9          | 3) 9           | 4) 10        |
| 5) 38        | 6) -26        | 7) 3           | 8) -19       |
| 9) -4        | 10) 5         | 11) -3         | 12) 20       |
| 13) 4        | 14) 3         | 15) 2          | 16) -6       |
| 17) $6y + 4$ | 18) $-8t + 5$ | 19) $-12x + 1$ | 20) $6n - 5$ |

## Level 2:

- |               |                    |                   |                   |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1) 30         | 2) 13              | 3) 3              | 4) 14             |
| 5) 16         | 6) -10             | 7) -6             | 8) -24            |
| 9) -10        | 10) 11             | 11) -1            | 12) 39            |
| 13) 2         | 14) $-\frac{1}{5}$ | 15) $\frac{5}{4}$ | 16) $\frac{7}{3}$ |
| 17) 7         | 18) 3              | 19) -124          | 20) -28           |
| 21) -6        | 22) 20             | 23) 18            | 24) 5             |
| 25) 14        | 26) 62             | 27) $3z - 1$      | 28) $8n + 5$      |
| 29) $-9b - 3$ | 30) $-4n$          |                   |                   |

## Solutions to Evaluating Functions Level 3:

1) -9

2)  $-\frac{14}{5}$

3) -3

4)  $\frac{11}{10}$

5) 45

6) 20

7) 7

8) -28

9) -126

10) -63

11) -28

12) 120

13) 2

14) 25

15)  $\frac{1}{16}$

16)  $-\frac{1}{2}$

17) 1

18)  $\frac{7}{2}$

19)  $\frac{5}{4}$

20) 2

21)  $\frac{31}{15}$

22) 5

23)  $16n^2 - 2$

24)  $4x^2 - 1$

25)  $2a + 11$

26)  $2x^4 - 2 + 2x^2$

27)  $8a + 4$

28)  $-4a + 5$

29)  $-4 + \frac{3}{16}x^2$

30)  $-3x - 14$

31)  $-x^3 - 3$

32)  $2 + 3x + x^2$

33)  $-3b^3 - 18b^2 - 36b - 23$

34)  $12 - 4t$

35)  $16x + 2$

36)  $6x - 3$

37)  $6 + y$

38)  $3x^2 + 5x$